

Determination of Zolmitriptan in Serum by SPE-LC-MS/MS

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Key Words

Zolmitriptan, diphenhydramine, SOLA, SOLA CX, Hypersil GOLD

Abstract

A liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry method for the analysis of zolmitriptan in serum has been developed. A limit of quantitation of 1 ng/mL is readily achieved. When using Thermo Scientific™ SOLA™ CX solid phase extraction cartridges, sample preparation is fast and efficient, giving a recovery of 88.2% with excellent reproducibility. The Thermo Scientific™ Hypersil GOLD™ 1.9 µm UHPLC column was used to give a fast run time of 2 minutes. The dynamic range was linear between 1 and 100 ng/mL with a r^2 of 0.996 and accuracies of +/- 15% for standards and quality control samples.

Introduction

Zolmitriptan is used in the treatment of migraines and headaches. It is a triptan that acts as a selective serotonin receptor agonist. The method described in this application note allows the testing of serum for the presence of zolmitriptan.

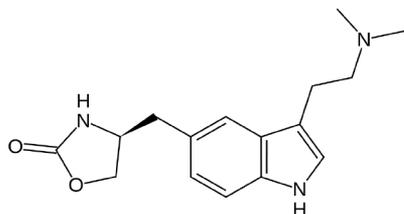
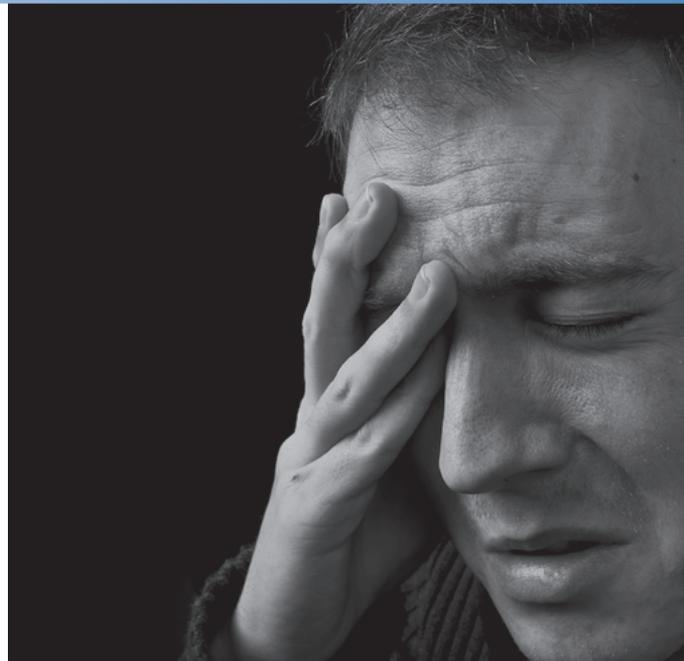


Figure 1: Structure of zolmitriptan

SOLA is a revolutionary solid phase extraction (SPE) device. This first-in-class SPE product range introduces next generation, innovative technological advancements, giving unparalleled performance characteristics compared to conventional SPE, phospholipid removal, and protein precipitation products.

These include:

- Higher levels of reproducibility
- Higher levels of extract cleanliness
- Reduced sample and solvent requirements
- Increased sensitivity



SOLA has a significant advantage for the analyst when processing compounds in complex matrices particularly in high-throughput bioanalytical and clinical research laboratories where reduced failure rate, higher analysis speed, and lower sample/solvent requirements are critical. The increased performance offered by SOLA SPE gives higher confidence in analytical results and lowers cost without compromising ease of use or requiring complex method development.

Hypersil GOLD 1.9 µm UHPLC columns, based on highly pure silica, provide very symmetrical peaks, even when analyzing compounds that give notoriously poor peak shape on traditional silica-based chemistries. Hypersil GOLD media provides a stationary phase with C18 selectivity and a predictable elution order.

The excellent peak shape offered by Hypersil GOLD 1.9 μm UHPLC columns contributes to high resolution, increased peak capacity, greater sensitivity especially for trace compound analysis, and the highest confidence in the accuracy and quality of results. The 1.9 μm particles give higher efficiency than 3 μm or 5 μm particles, and this efficiency is delivered over a greater range of linear velocities. This makes it possible to operate at high flow rates without losing performance. Obtaining symmetrical peak shapes is critical to ensuring that optimum resolution and sensitivity are achieved for basic pharmaceutical compounds. Hypersil GOLD columns use proprietary bonding technology to make certain that symmetrical peaks are obtained, producing data with the highest confidence in the accuracy and quality of results.

Using SOLA CX solid phase extraction cartridges and Hypersil GOLD UHPLC columns for the extraction of zolmitriptan, a fast 2-minute run time was achieved.

Experimental Details

Consumables	Part Number
Fisher Scientific™ LC/MS grade methanol	M/4062/17
Fisher Scientific LC/MS grade water	W/0112/17
Fisher Scientific LC/MS grade acetonitrile	51101
Fisher Scientific Analytical Reagent grade formic acid 98/100%	F/1900/PB08
Fisher Scientific HPLC grade ammonia solution	A/3295/PB05
Zolmitriptan, LGC standards	
Diphenhydramine, Sigma-Aldrich®	
Serum	

Sample Handling Equipment	Part Number
Thermo Scientific™ FinnPipette™ (100-1000 μL)	642090
Thermo Scientific FinnPipette (10-100 μL)	4642070
Thermo Scientific FinnPipette (1-10 μL)	4642040

SPE Hardware	Part Number
Thermo Scientific™ UltraVap™	CLS-229070
Thermo Scientific™ HyperSep™ glass block manifold	60104-232
Centrifuge	

SPE Consumables	Part Number
SOLA CX, 10 mg/1 mL	60109-002

Column	Part Number
Hypersil GOLD 1.9 μm , 50 \times 2.1 mm	25002-052130

Vials and Closures	Part Number
Thermo Scientific™ Chromacol™ 22 mL clear storage vial combi pack, PTFE lined cap	22-SV-CP
Thermo Scientific Convenience kit, 8-425 standard opening clear screw vial, black cap, white Silicone/ red PTFE seal	60180-600

Sample Preparation	
Compound:	Zolmitriptan, diphenhydramine (IS)
Matrix:	Serum
Sample pretreatment:	Pipette 180 μL of serum into a centrifuge tube. Add 10 μL of standard spiking solution, 10 μL of internal standard spiking solution, and 200 μL of 0.1% formic acid in water. Mix well and centrifuge for 10 minutes at 14,000 rpm.

SPE cartridge type:	SOLA CX 10 mg/1 mL
Conditioning stage:	Apply 500 μ L of methanol followed by 500 μ L of 2.5% formic acid in water onto the SPE cartridge.
Application stage:	Load all of the supernatant onto the SPE cartridge.
Washing stage:	Apply 500 μ L of 2.5% formic acid in water followed by 500 μ L of 0.1% formic acid in methanol onto the SPE cartridge.
Elution stage:	Apply 2 \times 250 mL 5% ammonia in methanol sequentially onto the SPE cartridge.
Additional stage:	Evaporate eluent to dryness under nitrogen at room temperature. Reconstitute in 200 μ L of water. Gently vortex mix and sonicate for 5 minutes.

Solutions Preparation

Zolmitriptan stock:	Weigh 1 mg and dissolve in 1 mL of methanol.
Diphenhydramine stock:	Weigh 1 mg and dissolve in 1 mL of methanol.

Separation Conditions	Part Number
Instrumentation:	Thermo Scientific™ Dionex™ UltiMate™ 3000
Column:	Hypersil GOLD 1.9 μ m, 50 \times 2.1 mm 25002-052130
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile
Gradient:	5%-95% B in 1 min, hold for 30 s, return to 5%, and equilibrate for 1 min
Flow rate:	1 mL/min
Run time:	2.5 min
Column temperature:	60 °C
Injection details:	10 μ L full loop
Injection wash solvent:	Acetonitrile / water (50:50 v/v)

MS/MS Conditions

Instrumentation:	Thermo Scientific™ TSQ Vantage™ MS
MS/MS run time:	2.5 min
Ionization conditions:	APCI Positive
Discharge current:	4 μ A
Vaporizer temperature:	350 °C
Sheath gas pressure:	60 arb
Ion sweep gas pressure:	0 arb
Auxiliary gas pressure:	40 arb
Capillary temperature:	270 °C
Ions monitored:	Table 1

Name	Precursor (<i>m/z</i>)	Product (<i>m/z</i>)	Collision Energy (eV)	S-lens (V)
Zolmitriptan	288.2	182.2	22	74
Diphenhydramine (IS)	256.2	167.2	11	49

Table 1: Ions monitored

Scan time:	0.02 s
Q1 peak width:	0.70 FWHM
Q3 peak width:	0.70 FWHM
Q2 gas pressure:	1.5 mTorr
Chrom filter:	5 arb

Results

Chromatography

The Hypersil GOLD 1.9 μm UHPLC column gave excellent peak shape. The chromatography of the QCM at 15 ng/mL is shown in Figure 2.

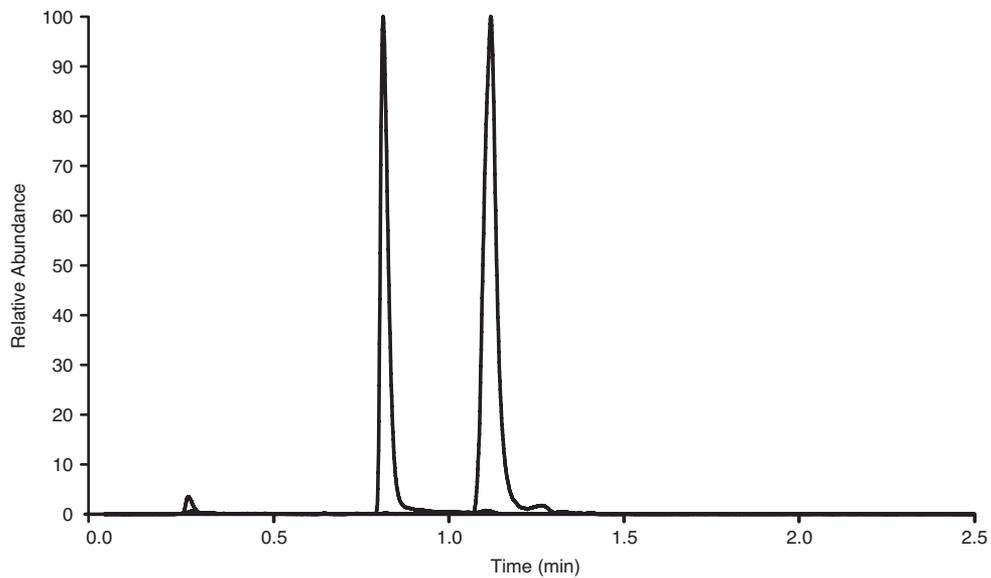


Figure 2: Representative chromatogram of (1) zolmitriptan and (2) diphenhydramine SRM, extracted from serum at 100 ng/mL

Linearity

Extracted zolmitriptan standards from serum gave a linear calibration curve over the dynamic range of 1 to 100 ng/mL with an r^2 of 0.9955 (Figure 3 and Table 2).

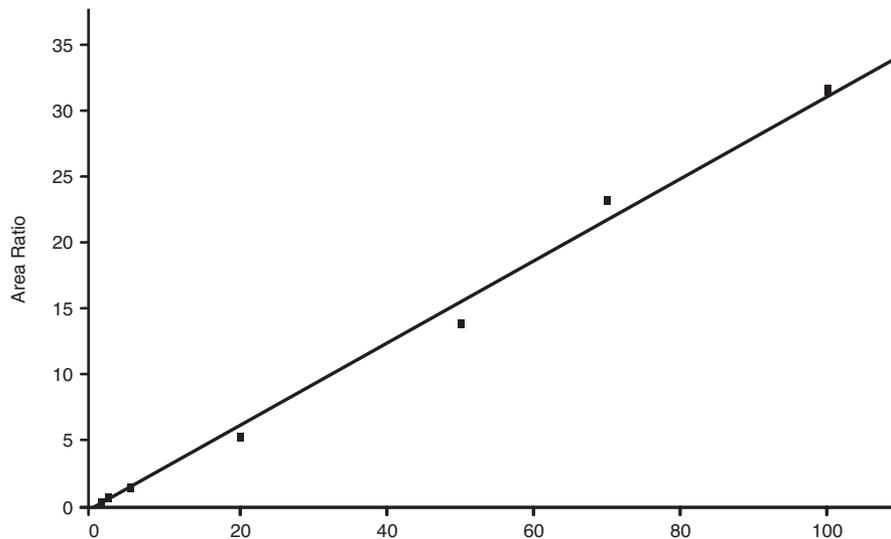


Figure 3: Zolmitriptan linearity over the dynamic range 1 to 100 ng/mL

Standard	Specified Concentration (ng/mL)	Calculated Concentration (ng/ml)	%Diff
S1 (average of 2 replicates)	1	1.03	4
S2	2	2.25	13
S3	5	4.75	-5
S4	20	17.1	-14
S5	50	44.6	-11
S6	70	74.8	7
S7 (average of 2 replicates)	100	101	1

Table 2: Accuracy data for seven extracted zolmitriptan standards over the linear range 1 to 100 ng/mL

Accuracy and Precision

QC samples were run in replicates of six at concentrations of 3.5, 15, and 60 ng/mL. The precision of the QC level was <7.5% CV in all cases (Table 3).

Standard	Concentration (ng/mL)	Average Calculated Concentration (n=6)	%CV
QCL	3.5	3.90	3.4
QCM	15	16.7	3.5
QCH	60	66	7.4

Table 3: Average precision data for six replicate QCs at three levels for zolmitriptan

Recovery

Overspikes were run in triplicate at concentrations of 3.5, 15, and 60 ng/mL and used to calculate the percentage recovery level for zolmitriptan of 88.2% (Table 4).

	Standard	Response	% Recovery	Average % Recovery
Zolmitriptan	Average QCL response	18880.2	91.7	88.2
	Average QCL overspike response	20588.8		
	Average QCM response	86579.5	91.4	
	Average QCM overspike response	94769.2		
	Average QCH response	342945.6	81.5	
	Average QCH overspike response	420674.4		
Diphenhydramine	Average QC response	16923.7	79.1	
	Average QC overspike response	21382.9		

Table 4: Recovery data for zolmitriptan and diphenhydramine

Conclusion

- The use of SOLA CX SPE and a Hypersil GOLD 1.9 μm UHPLC column allows for a simple extraction and quantification of zolmitriptan from serum.
- The method on SOLA CX SPE was extremely reproducible.
- A LOQ of 1 ng/mL for zolmitriptan in serum was achieved.
- Extraction recovery was high (>88%).
- The method showed excellent precision with %RSD (n=6) <7.5%.

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